



2026



TransUnion[®] 

Canada Summit



Growth Reimagined – Resilient, Inclusive, and Future-Ready.



Credit Industry Insights



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Agenda

1. Credit Market Overview
2. Shifting Composition of Canada's Credit Market
3. Deeper Dive into Delinquency Trends
4. Key Risks and Opportunities in 2026



Recap of 2025 Summit

- 1 Understand implications of behavioural shifts in your customer base
- 2 Balance smart growth with proactive early warning signals of risk
- 3 Approve smarter, not larger
- 4 Master score migration and portfolio realignment to manage downturn risk and economic volatility
- 5 Build friction-right fraud strategies during underwriting throughout the lifecycle

**5 things we
suggested
lenders get
right through
2025 and into
2026**

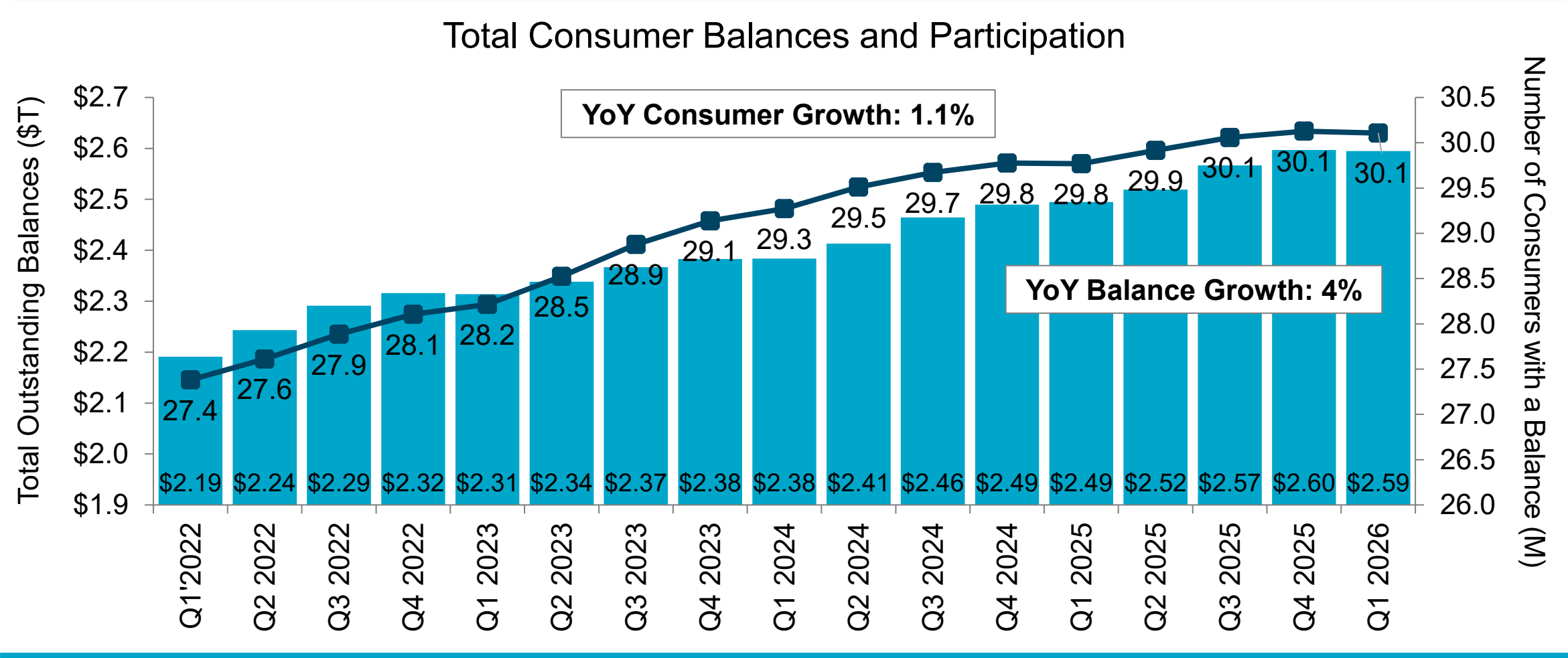




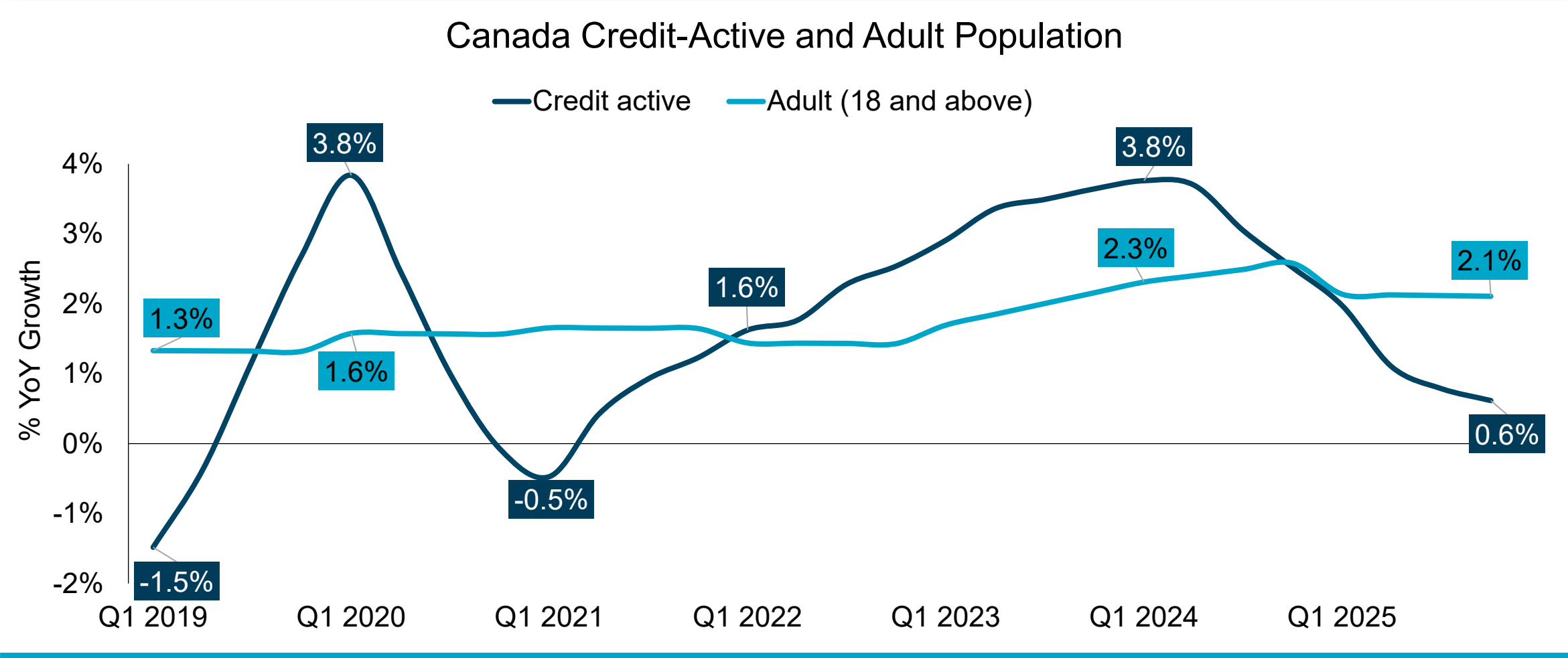
Credit Market Overview



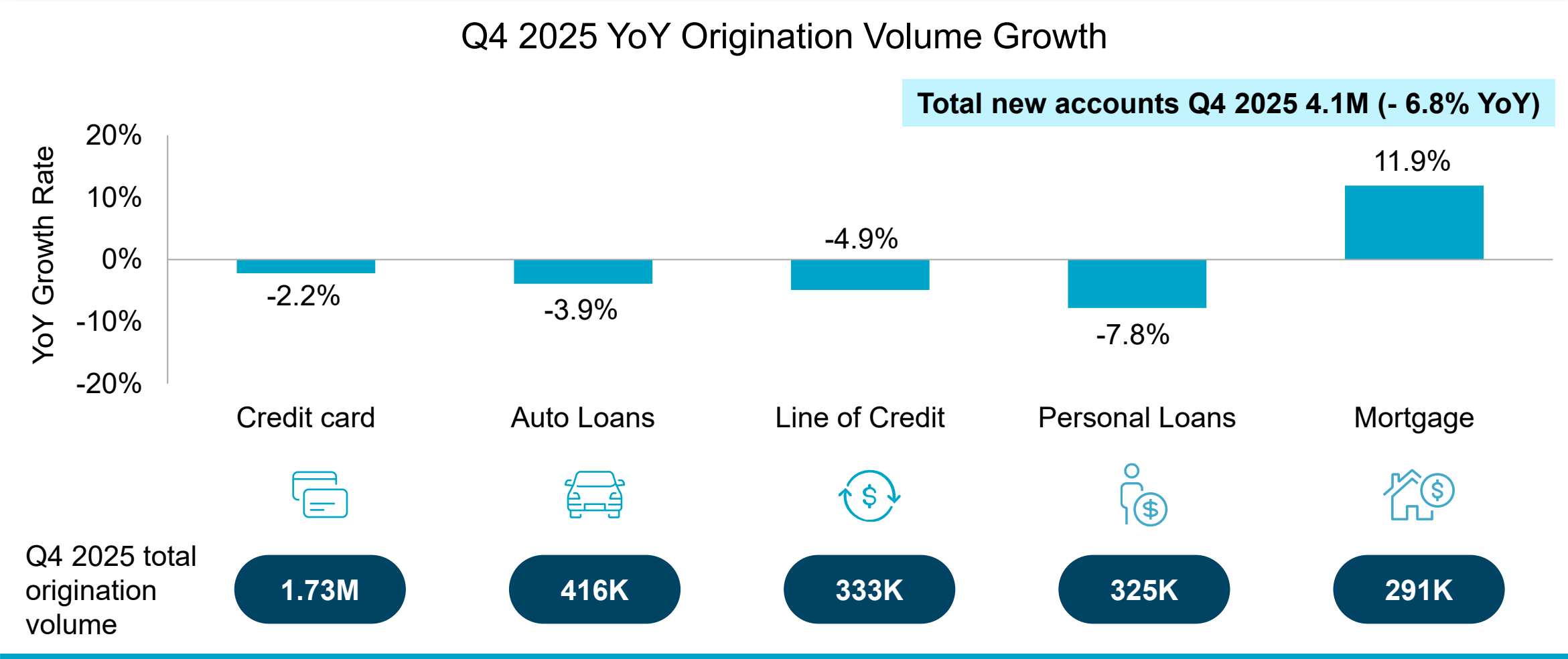
Credit participation slows, while credit balances illustrate steady expansion marked by moderate leverage growth



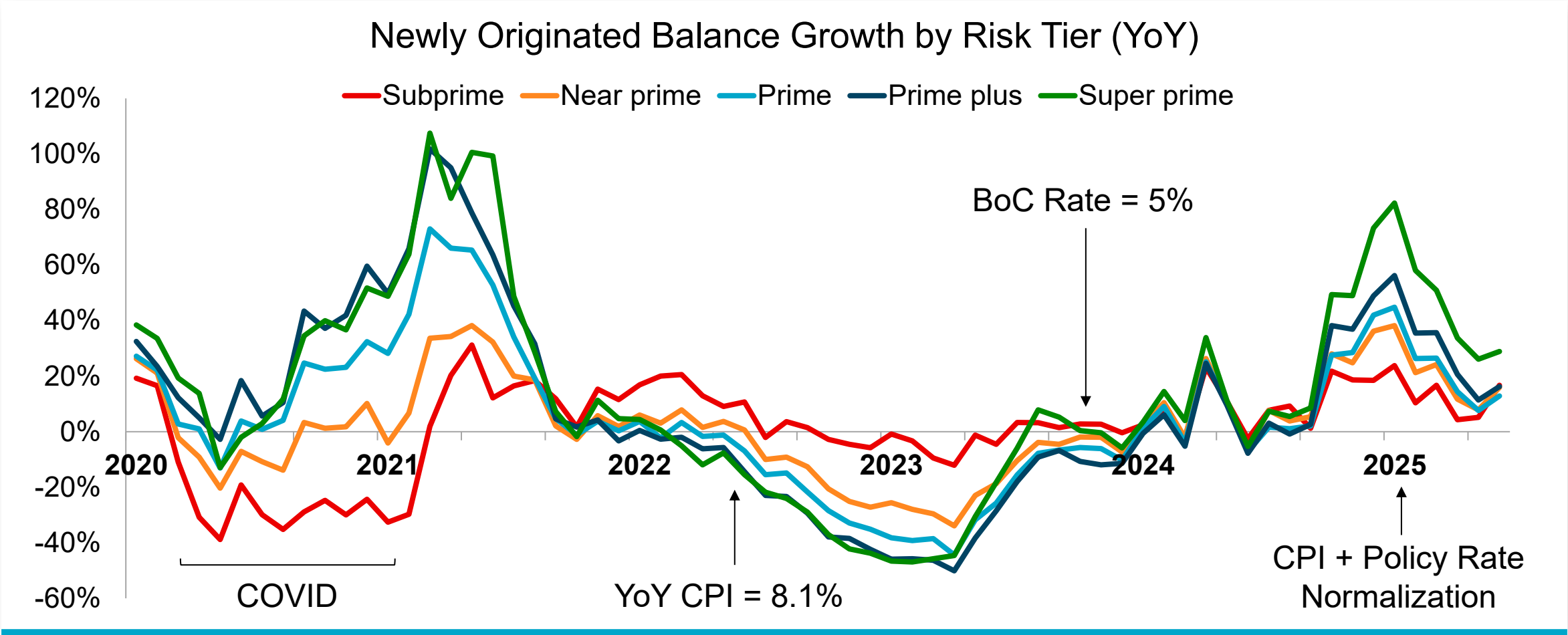
Macro-economic cyclical volatility in credit participation has outpaced population growth, but is normalizing



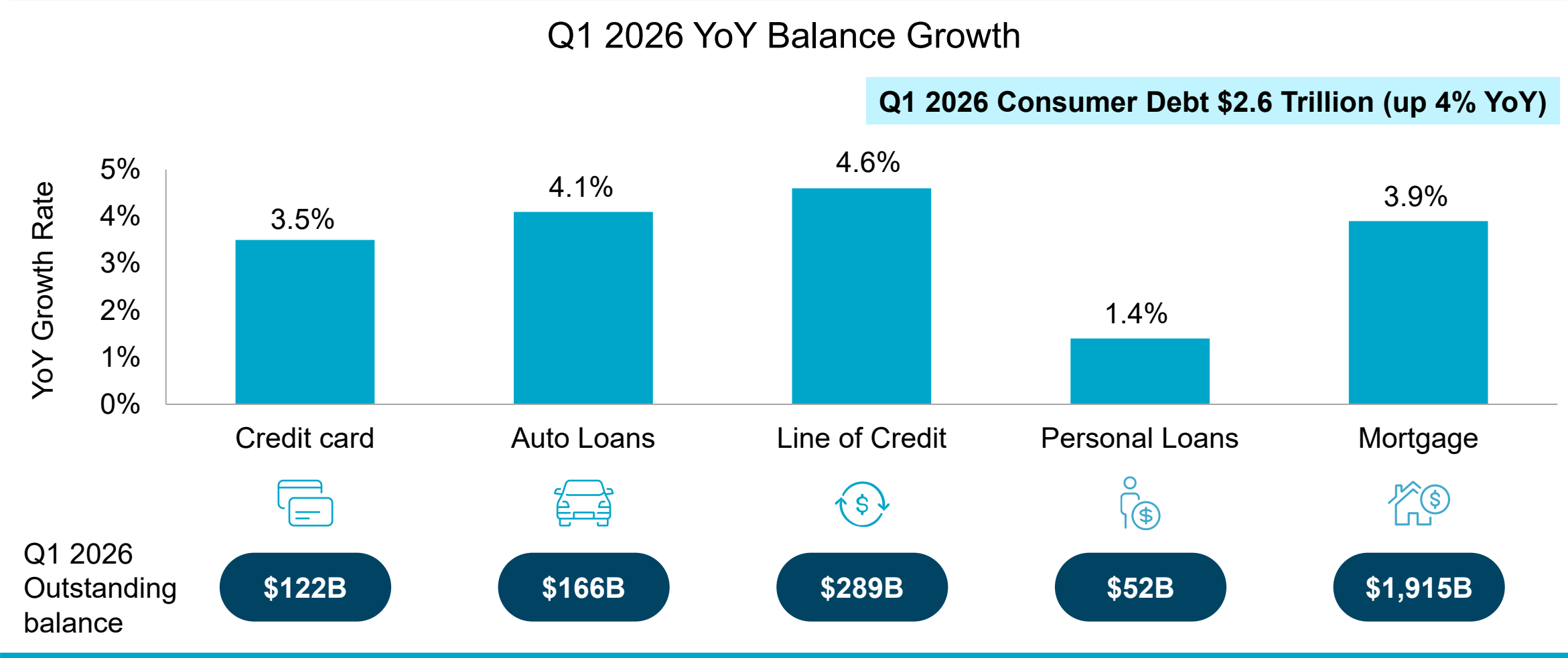
Origination volumes declined, reflecting selective lending rather than retrenchment



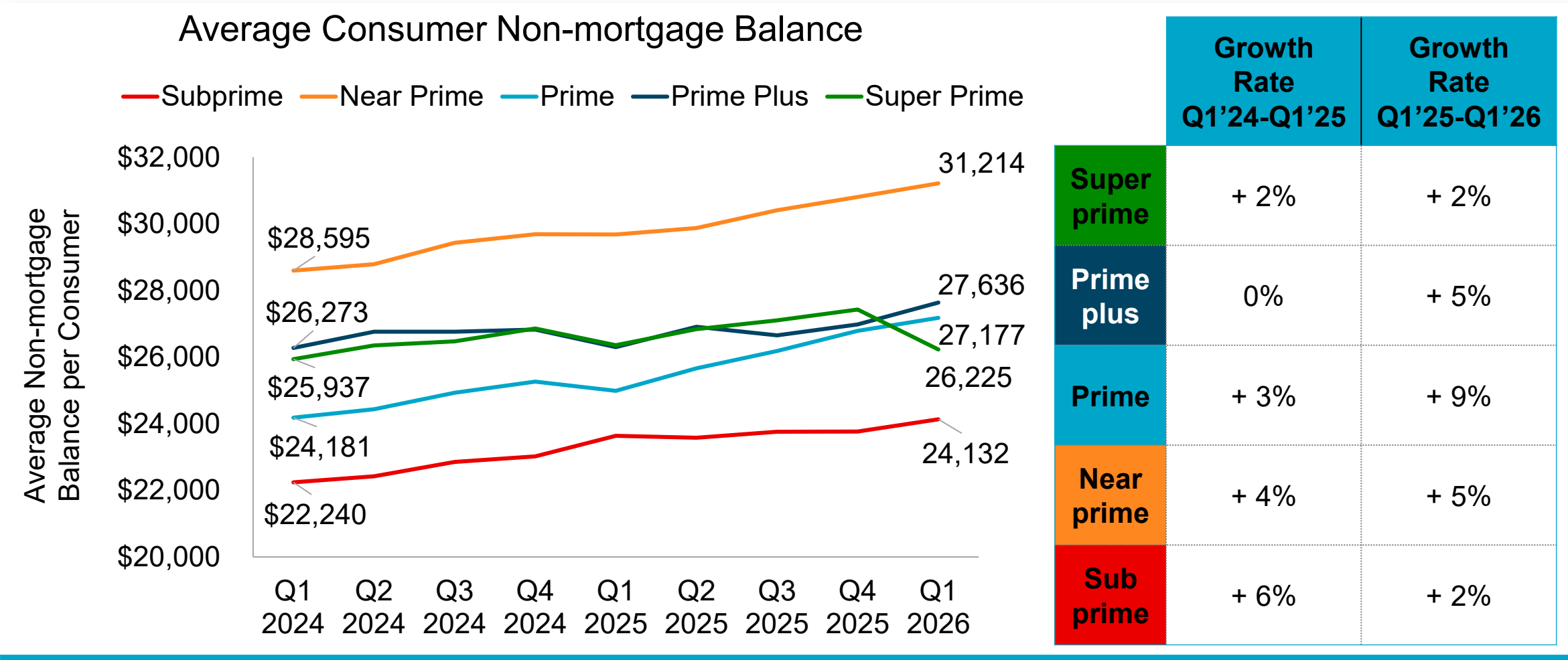
Lender tightening has shifted the risk mix of new balances as growth shifts from credit box expansion to relationship depth



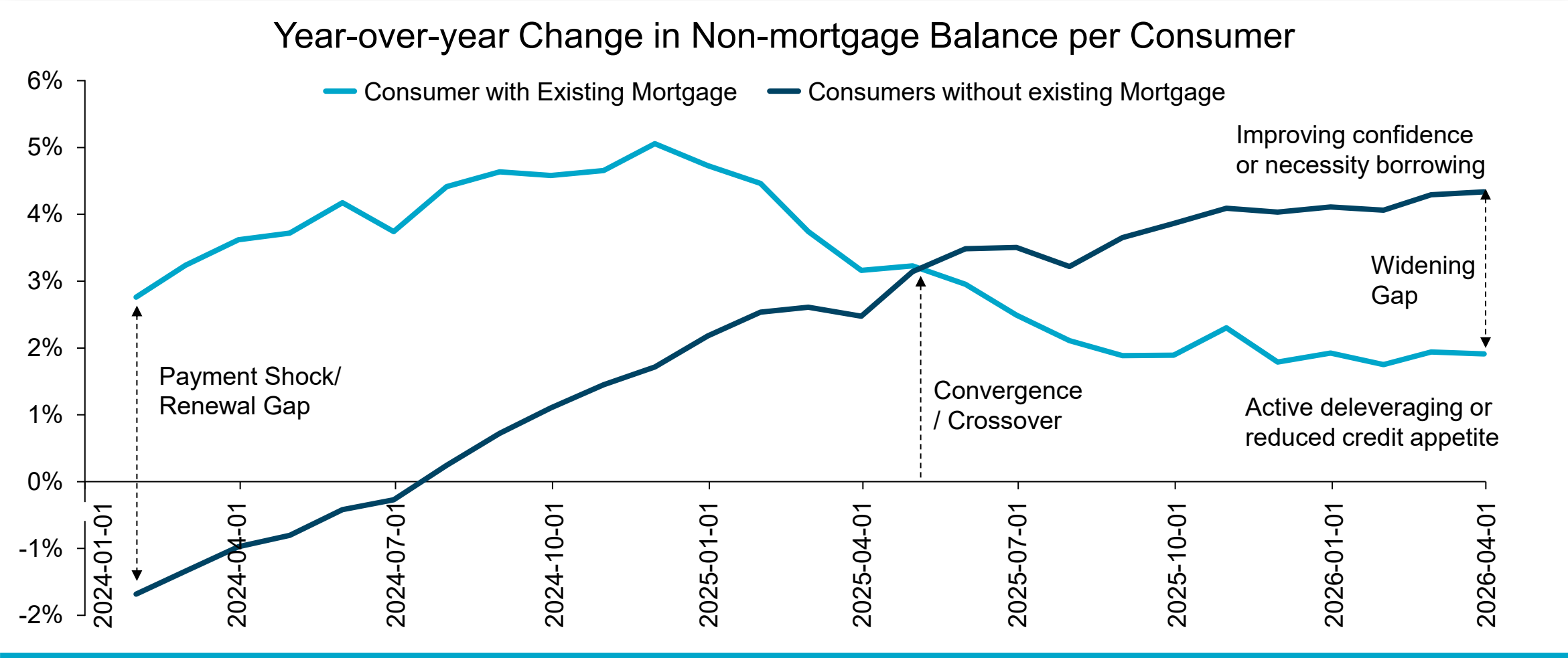
Resilient balance expansion across products signals sustained consumer credit demand



Higher-risk borrowers are still growing non-mortgage balances, but momentum is slowing



Mortgage borrowers are deleveraging while non-mortgage consumers take on more debt, redistributing risk and portfolio mix



Resilient growth, rising leverage, and a bifurcating consumer are reshaping credit risk and portfolio strategy

Balances outpacing participation

Credit balances continue to expand faster than consumer growth, signaling rising leverage despite moderating new borrower inflows

Selective, risk-aware lending

Tightening credit has shifted growth toward prime segments, with future expansion increasingly dependent on deepening existing relationships rather than expanding the credit box

Broad-based balance growth persists

Broad-based balance growth persists across both revolving and installment products, supported by easing rates and sustained borrowing needs

Consumer divergence is widening

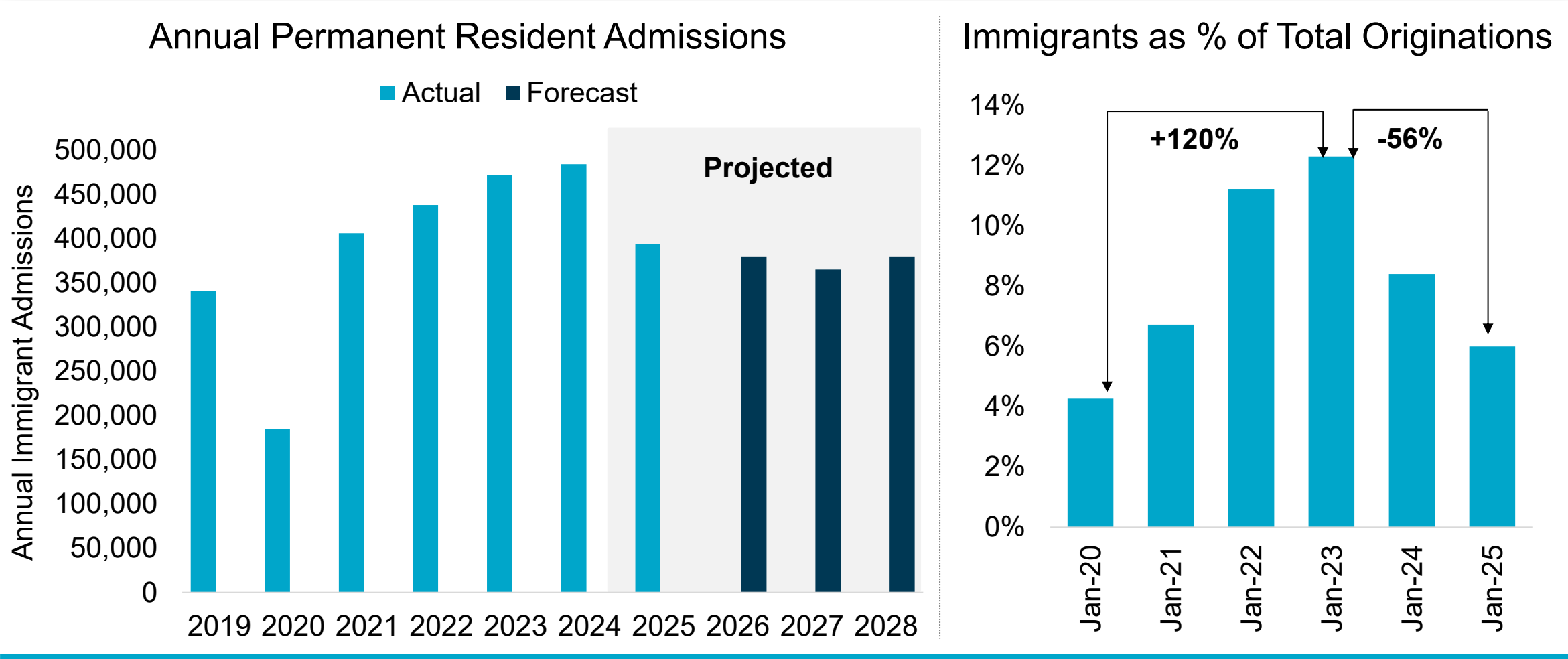
Mortgage holders are deleveraging under payment pressure, while non-mortgage consumers are re-leveraging, redistributing risk across portfolios



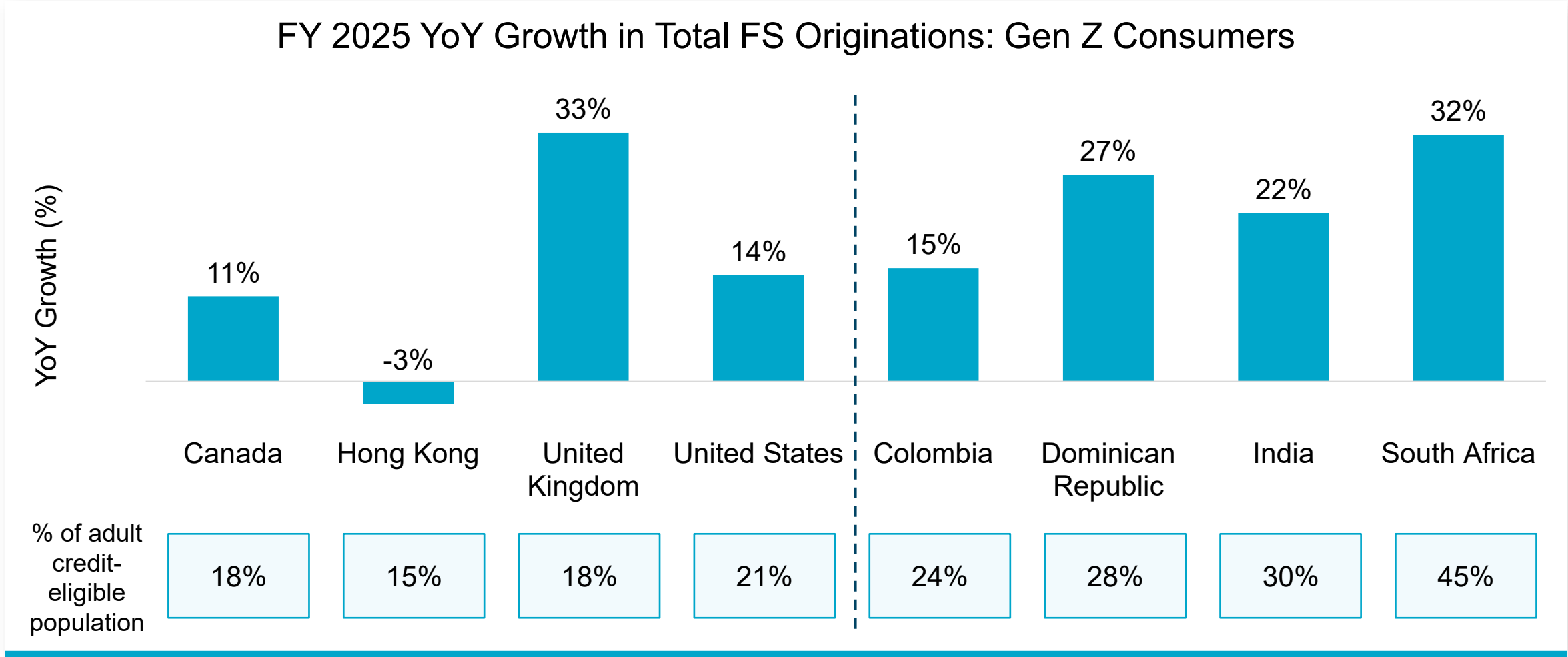
Shifting Composition of the Canadian Credit Market



New to Canada momentum rose with post-COVID immigration and remains an attractive durable source of organic growth despite normalization



The rise of Gen Z signals a new credit paradigm

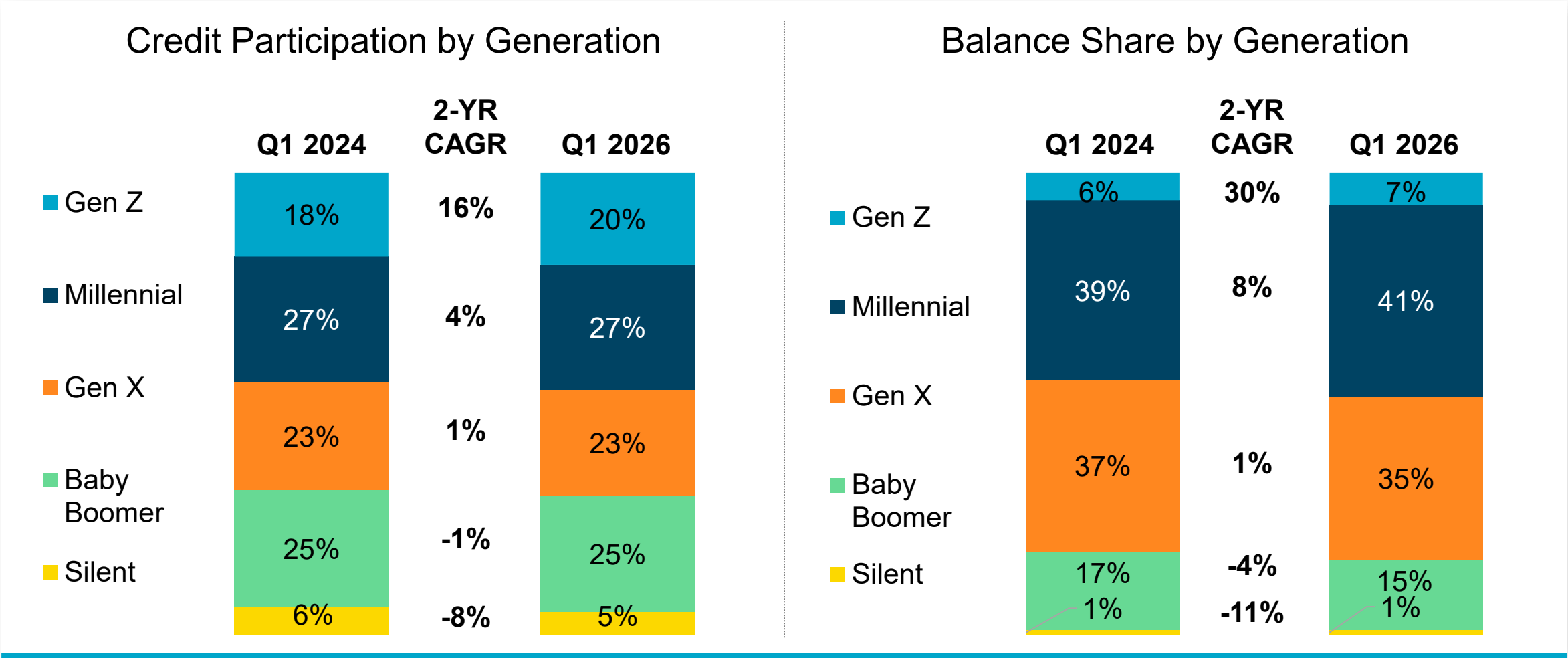


US data is inclusive of Puerto Rico

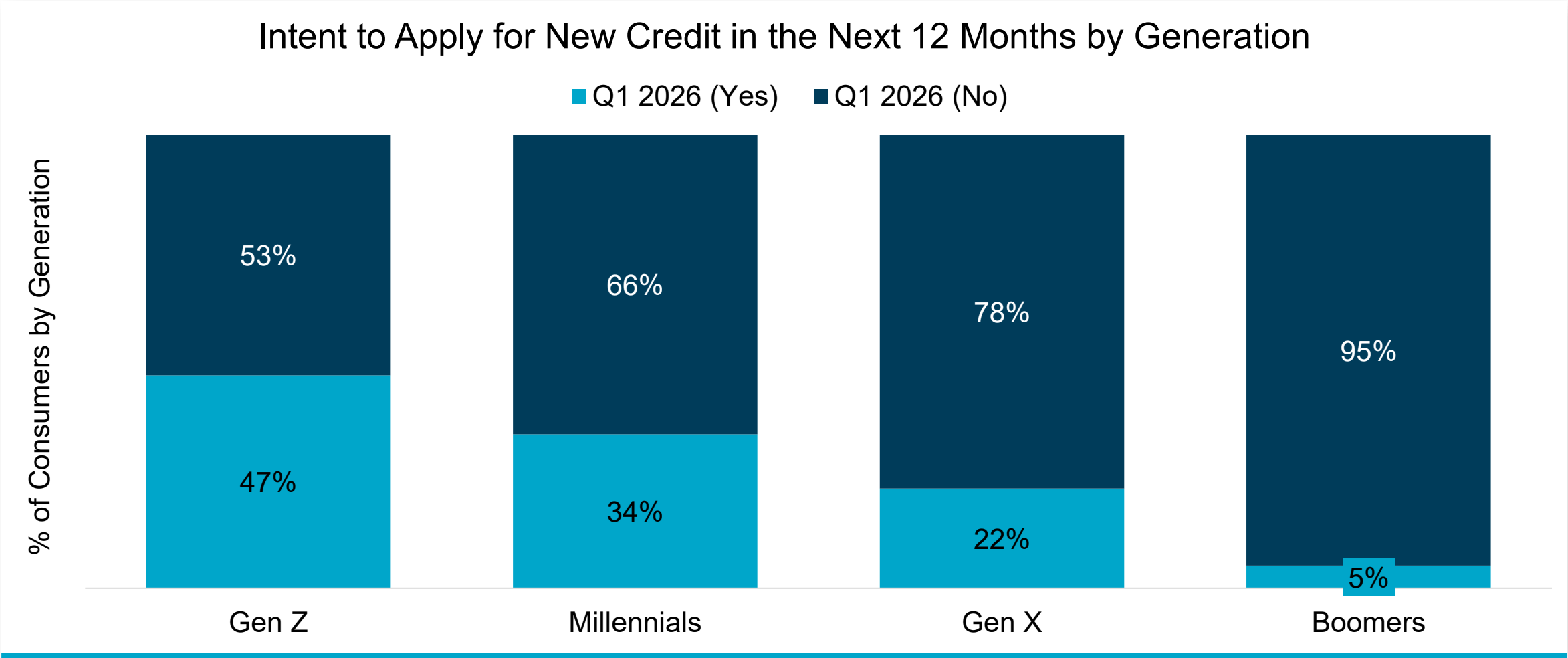
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Source: TransUnion consumer credit database 16

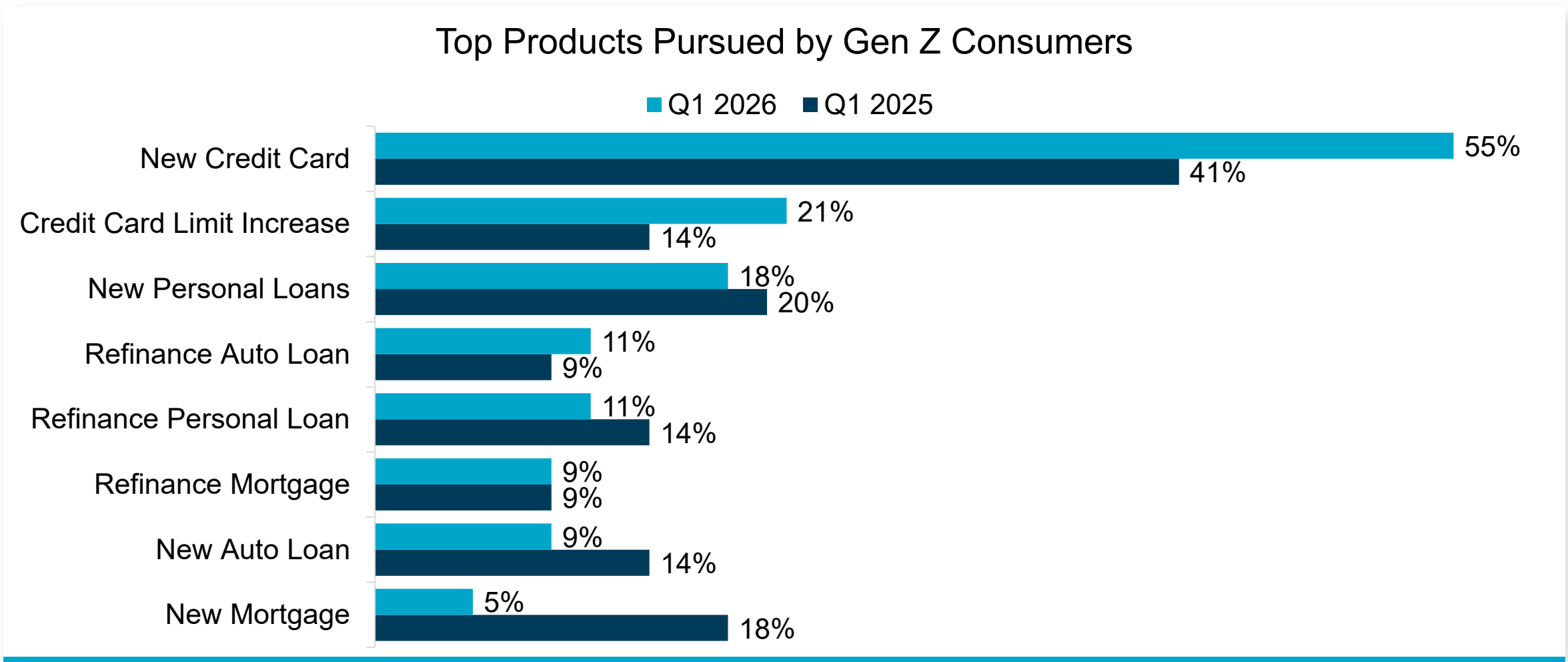
Younger demographics make up almost half of outstanding balances, marking a major shift in consumer demographics



With nearly half intending to apply for new credit, Gen Z intent signals a sustained and attractive opportunity for organic credit growth



As wallet stress mounts, Gen Z is prioritizing accessible credit—an attractive segment for continued organic growth



*Multiple answers allowed



Risk tier migration shows upward trend with more consumers improving scores over the past year vs declining

YoY Risk Tier Migration Q1 2026

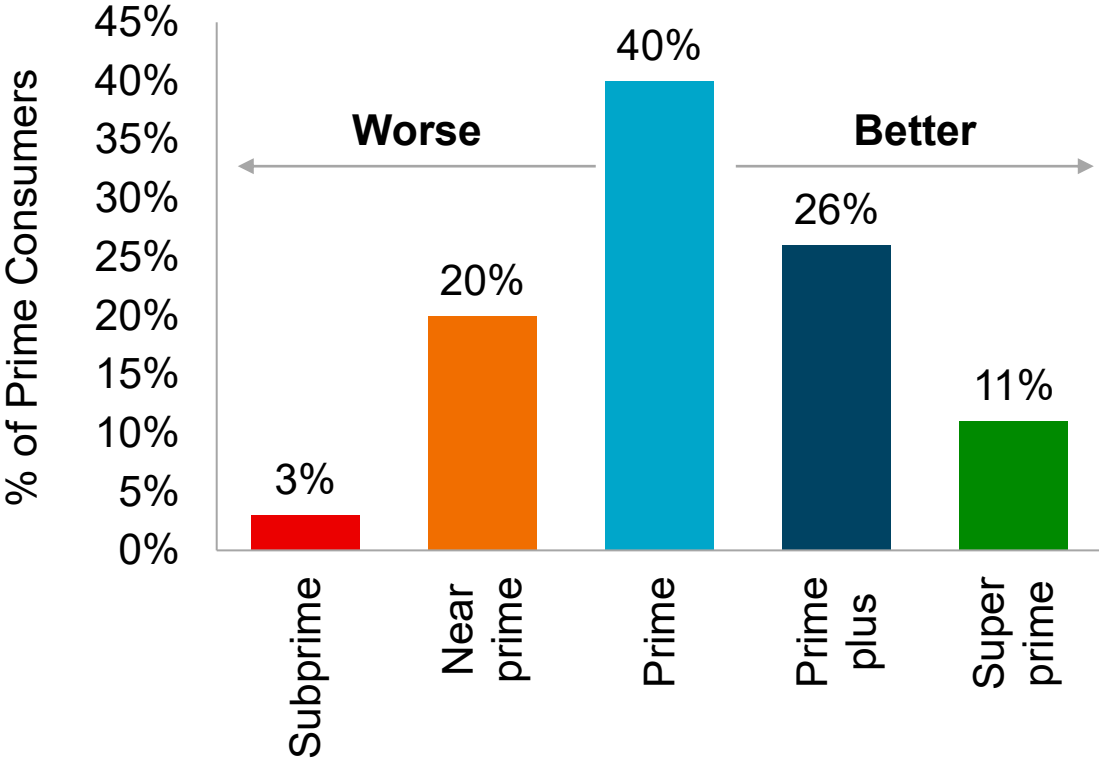
Risk tier Q1 2025	Worse *	Same	Better **
Super prime	13%	87%	N/A
Prime plus	21%	44%	35%
Prime	23%	40%	37%
Near prime	14%	58%	28%
Subprime	N/A	70% [↑]	30% [↓]

CreditVision® risk score: Subprime = 300-639; Near prime = 640-719; Prime = 720-759; Prime plus = 760-799; Super prime = 800+

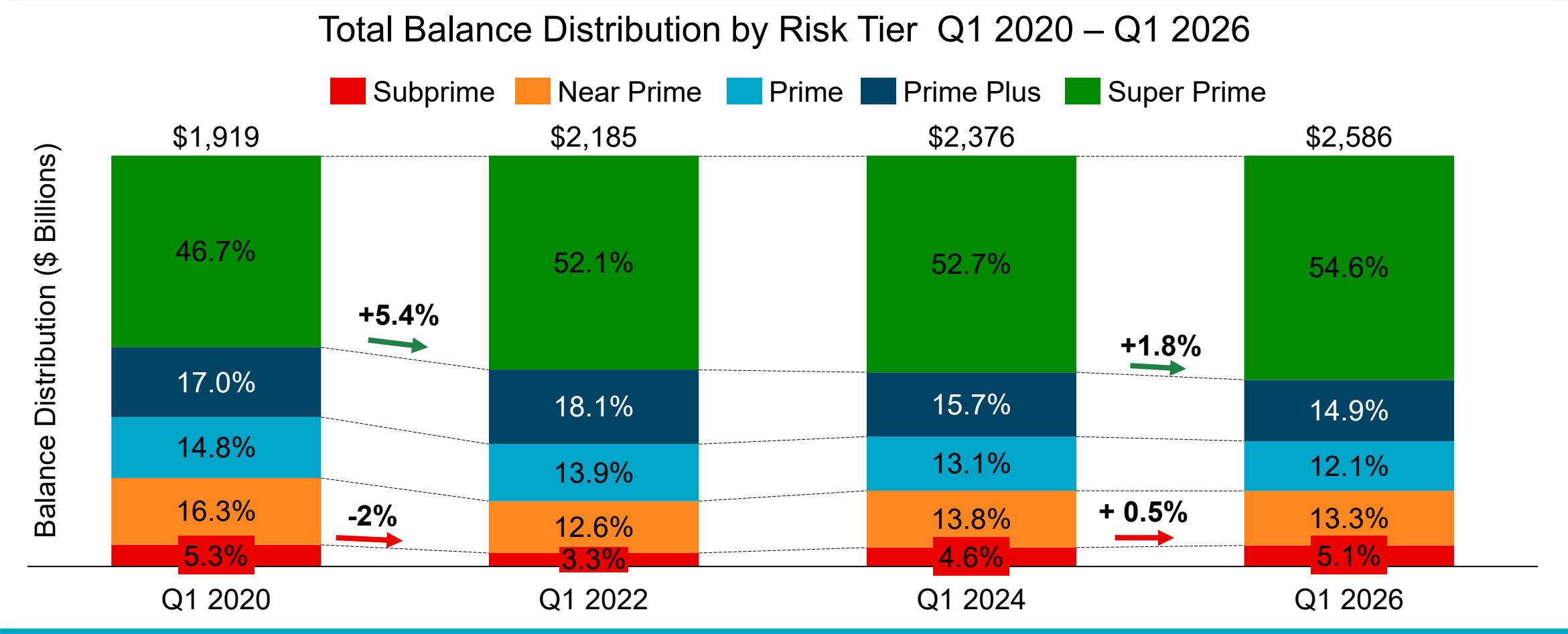
* Worse refers to consumers whose scores dropped one or more risk segments, for example from prime to near prime.

** Better refers to consumers whose scores improved one or more risk segments, for example from prime plus to super prime.

Risk Tier Migration for Prime Segment (Q1 2025 versus Q1 2026)



Risk distribution reflects pandemic distortion followed by selective reversion, as super-prime grows and middle tiers thin





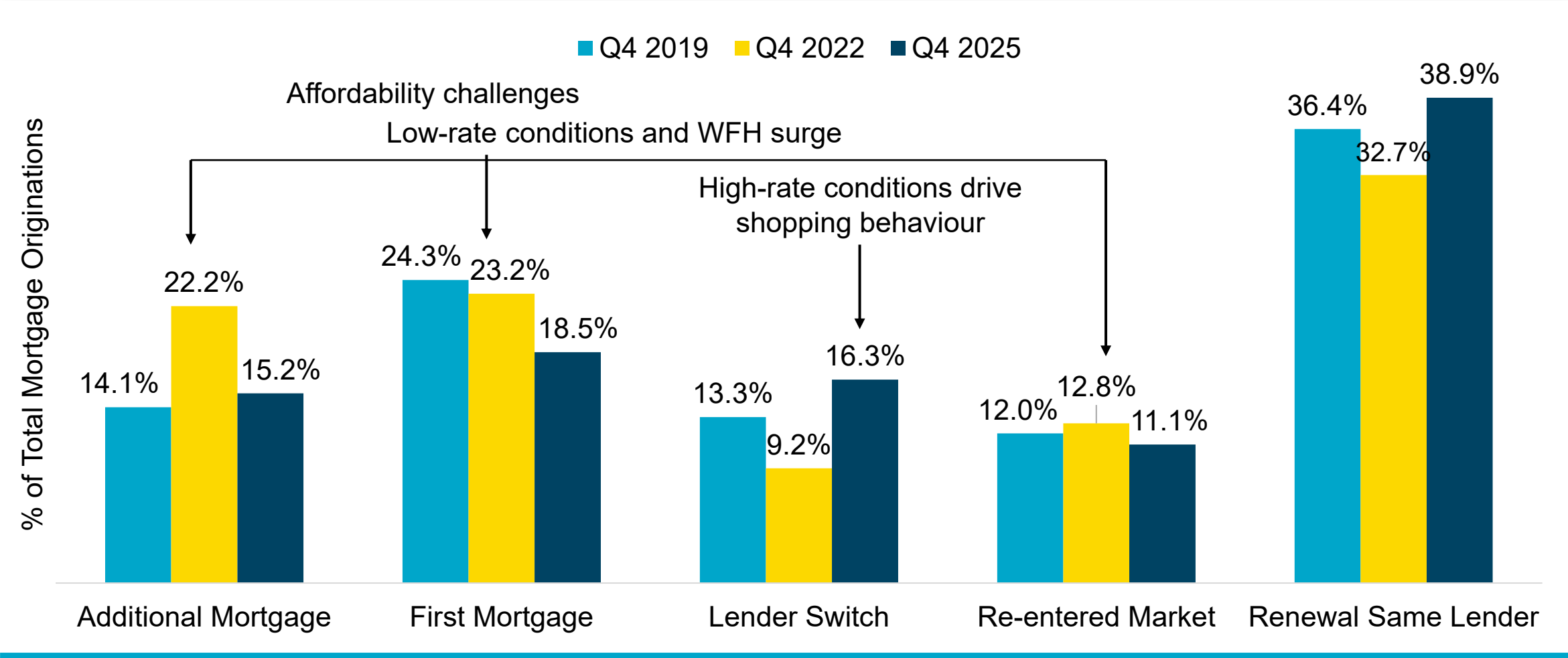
Key Risks and Growth Opportunities in 2026



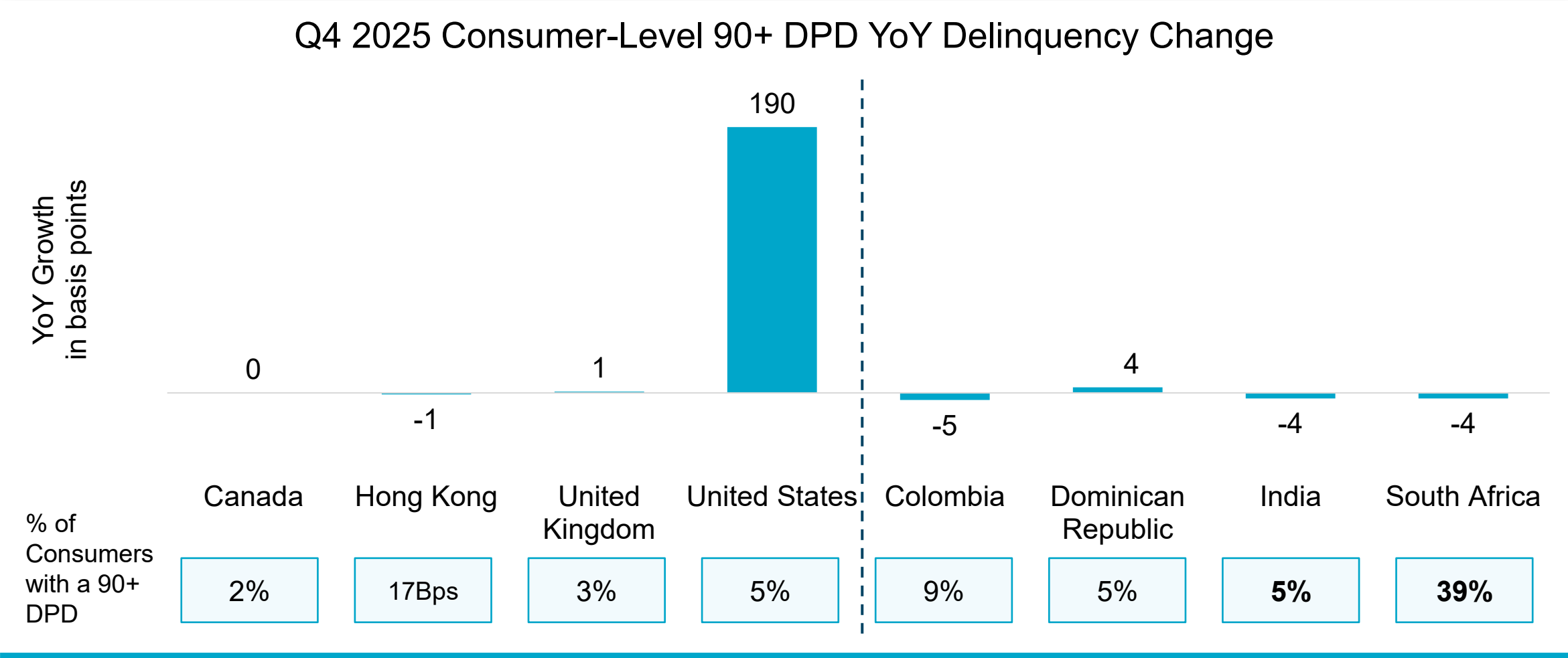
New credit lines are growing across tiers, with highest growth in personal loans for subprime

Average Credit Lines at Origination by Risk Tier: Q1 2020-Q1 2026							
Credit Cards				Personal Loans			
Risk Tier	Q1 2020	Growth %	Q1 2026	Risk Tier	Q1 2020	Growth %	Q1 2026
Subprime	\$1,548	+8.1%	\$1,673	Subprime	\$ 7,350	+32.5%	\$9,738
Near Prime	\$3,208	+13.7%	\$3,647	Near Prime	\$14,275	+16.4%	\$16,618
Super Prime	\$ 7,533	+44.6%	\$10,893	Super Prime	\$32,907	+15.6%	\$38,034

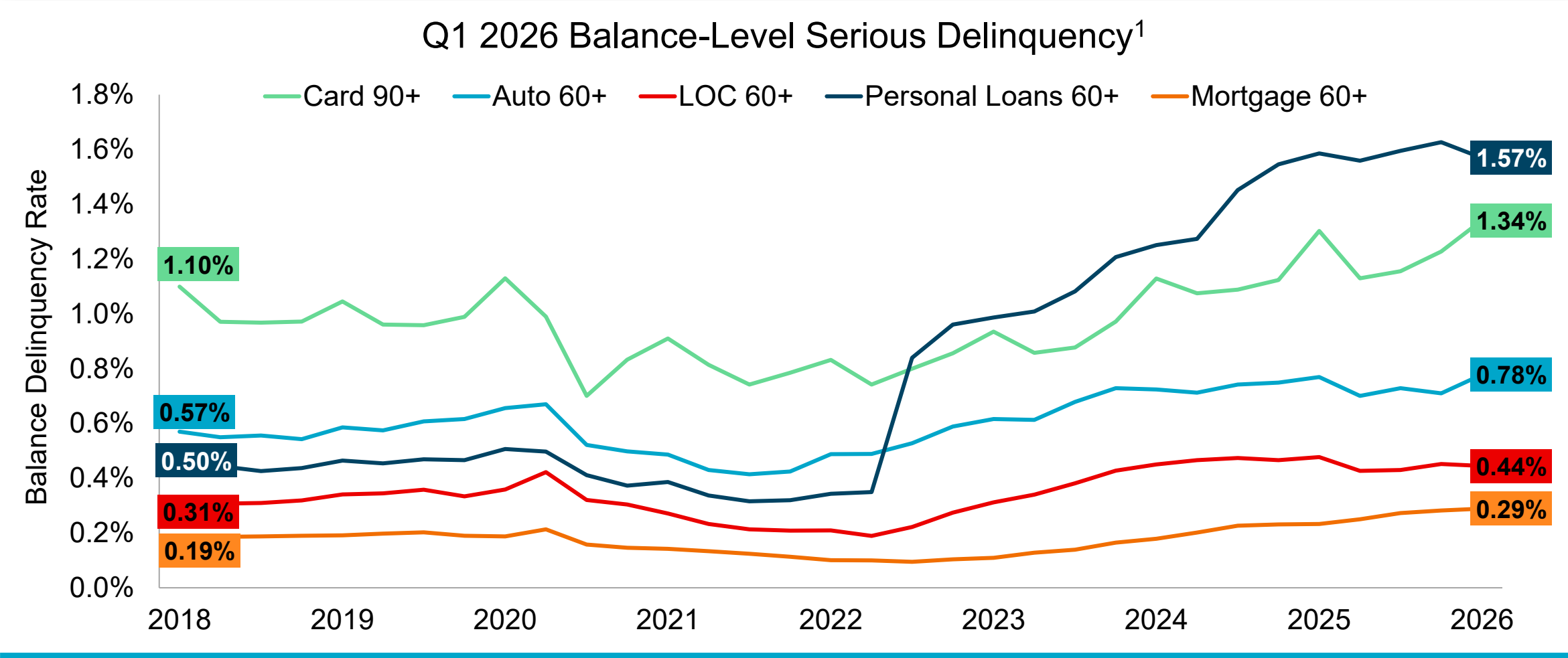
Retention is becoming a critical growth lever as the mortgage market enters a low-churn, renewal-led phase



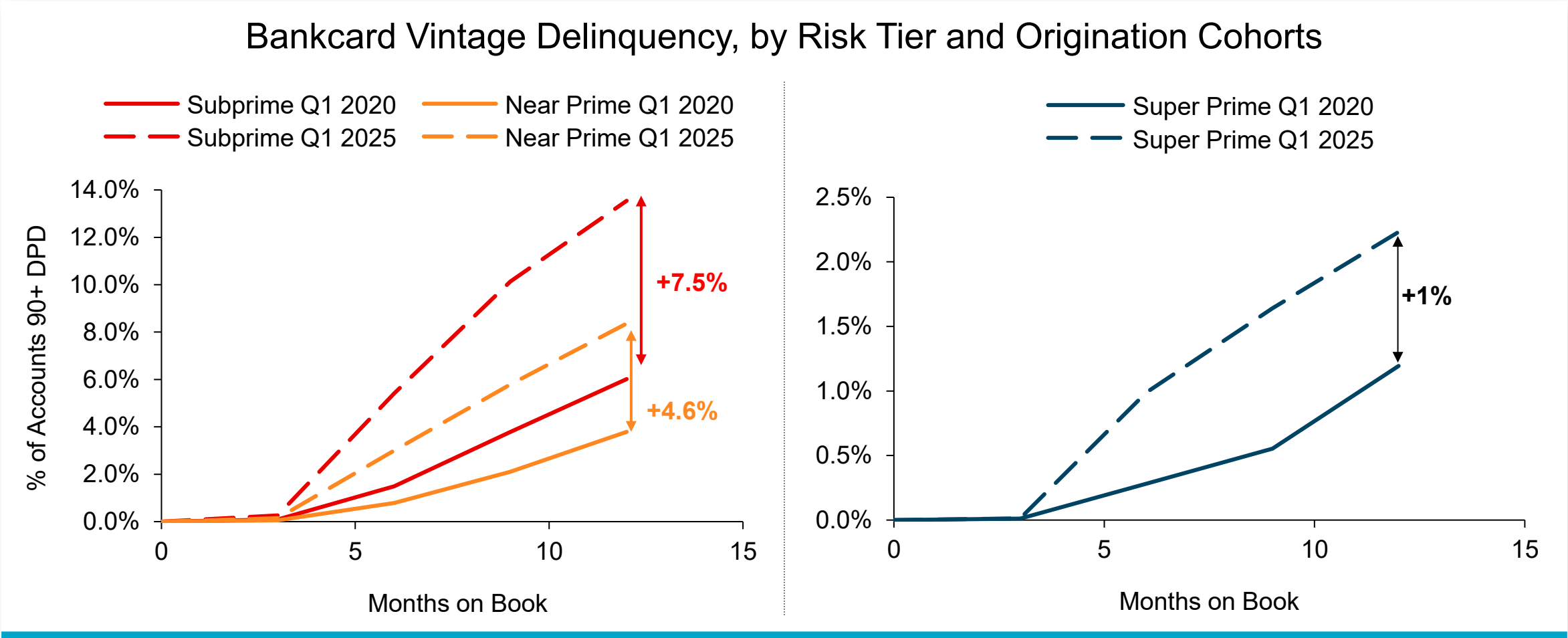
Globally, credit performance is broadly stable, with isolated pockets of pressure



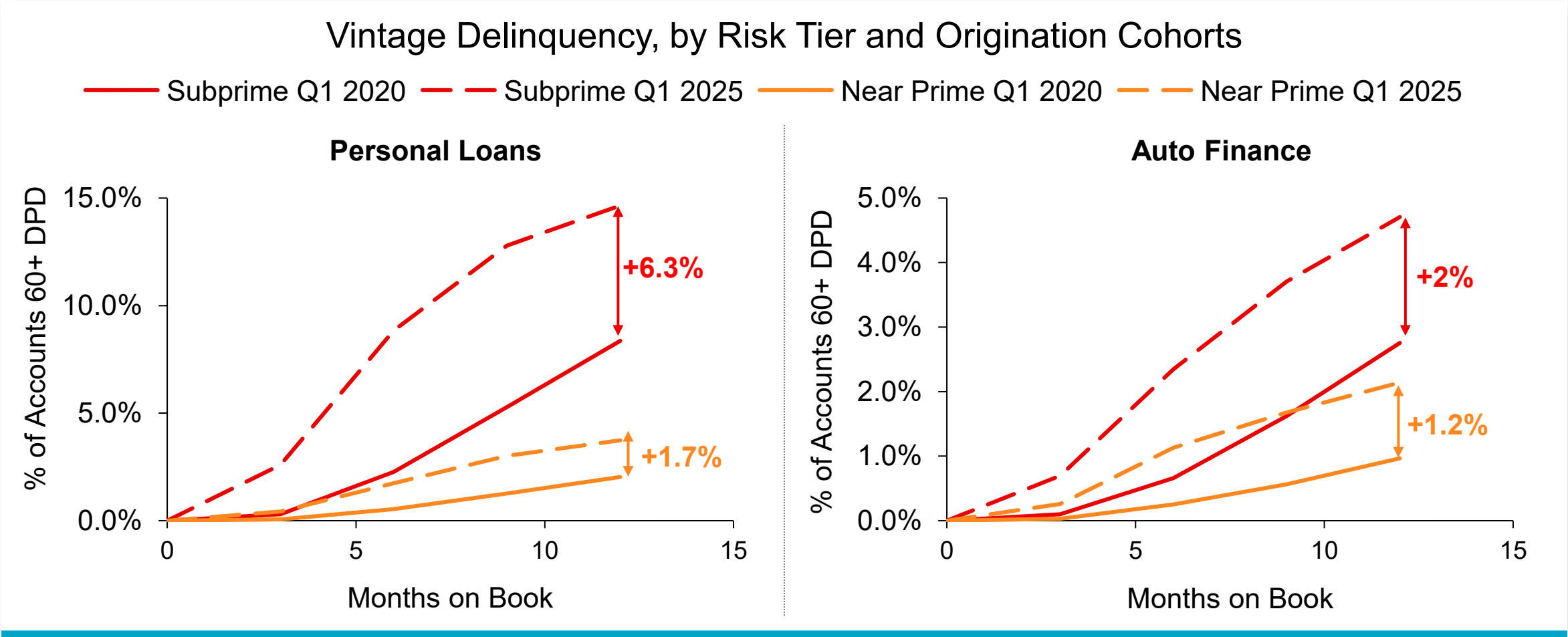
Balance delinquency normalization is underway, but long-term uplift in unsecured delinquency persists



Recent bankcard vintages show elevated delinquency levels across all risk tiers, with highest deterioration for subprime



We see a similar rate of deterioration for recent below prime auto and personal loan vintages

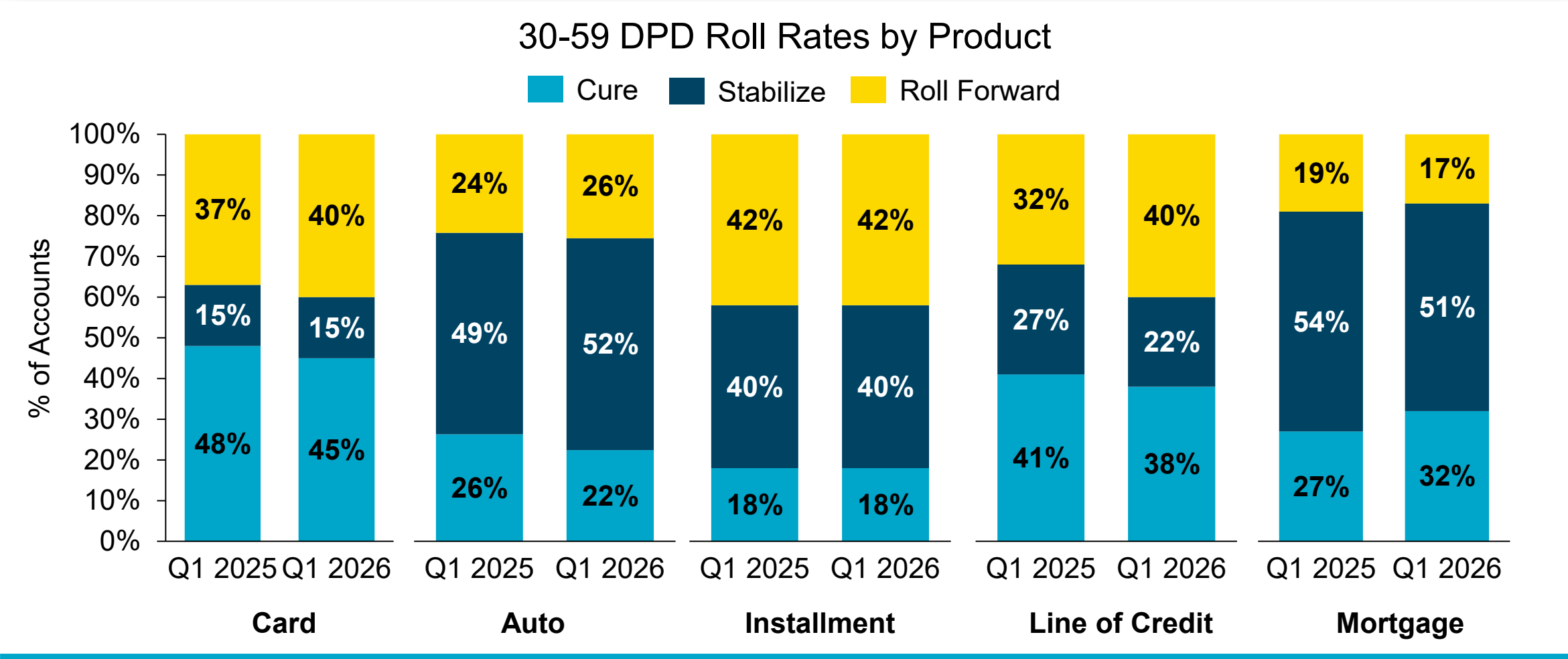


CreditVision® risk score: Subprime = 300-639; Near prime = 640-719

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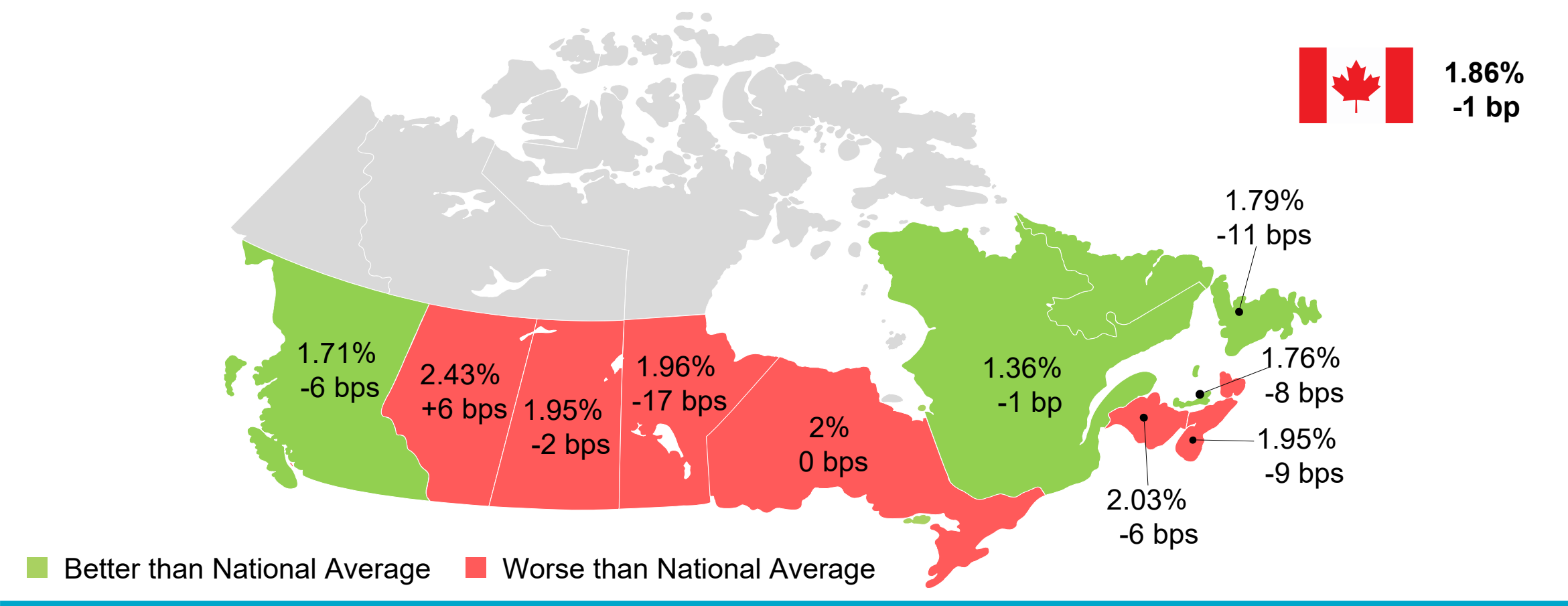
Source: TransUnion Canada Consumer Credit Database 28

Don't just manage risk—manage outcomes: use early warning to prevent roll-forward and preserve value

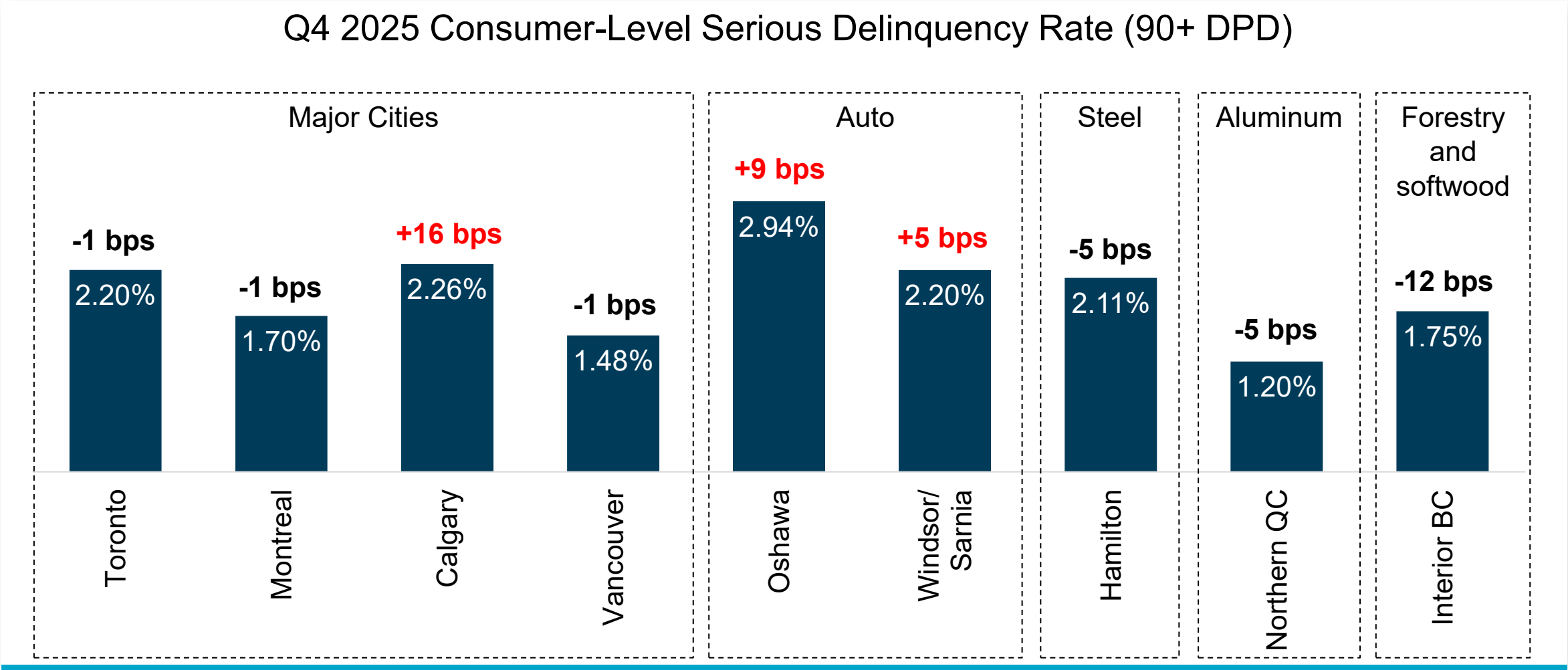


Geographic dispersion matters—portfolio risk is increasingly regional

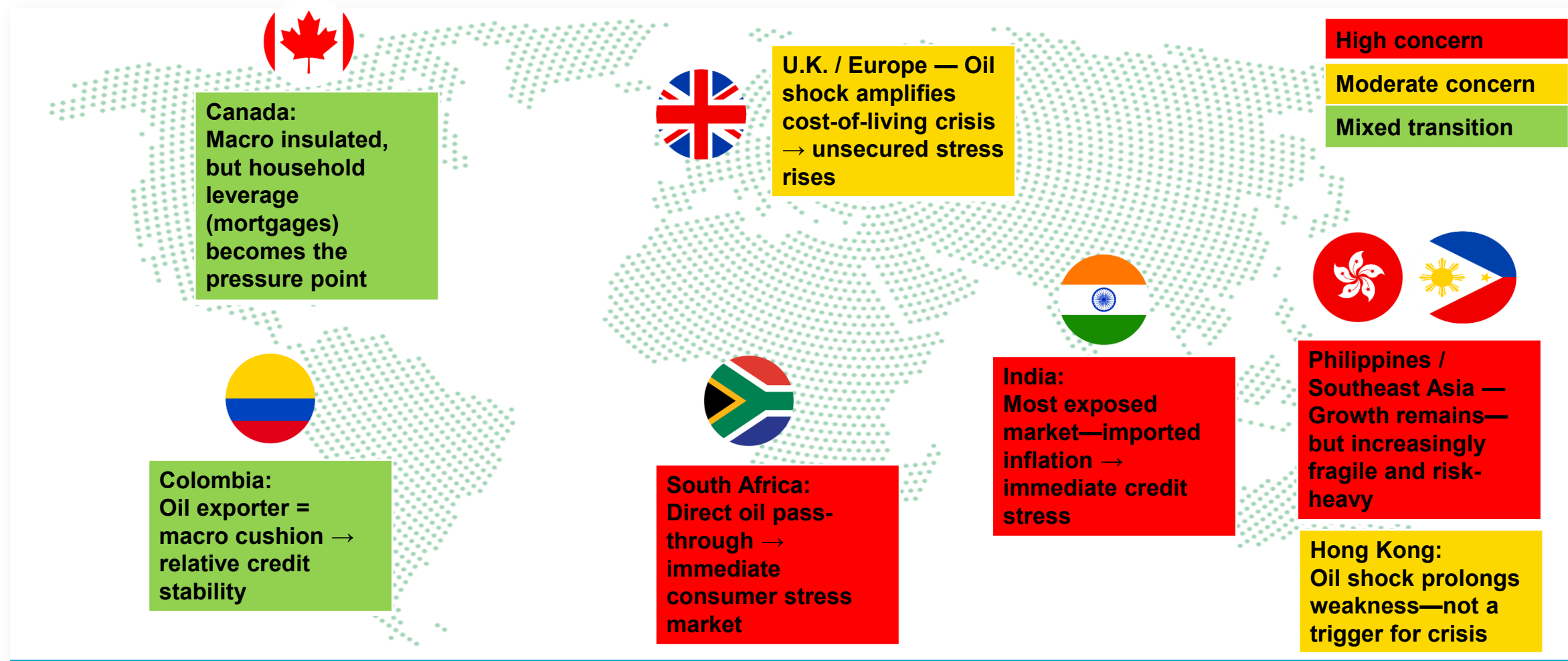
Q1 2026 Consumer-Level Serious Delinquency Rate (90+ DPD)



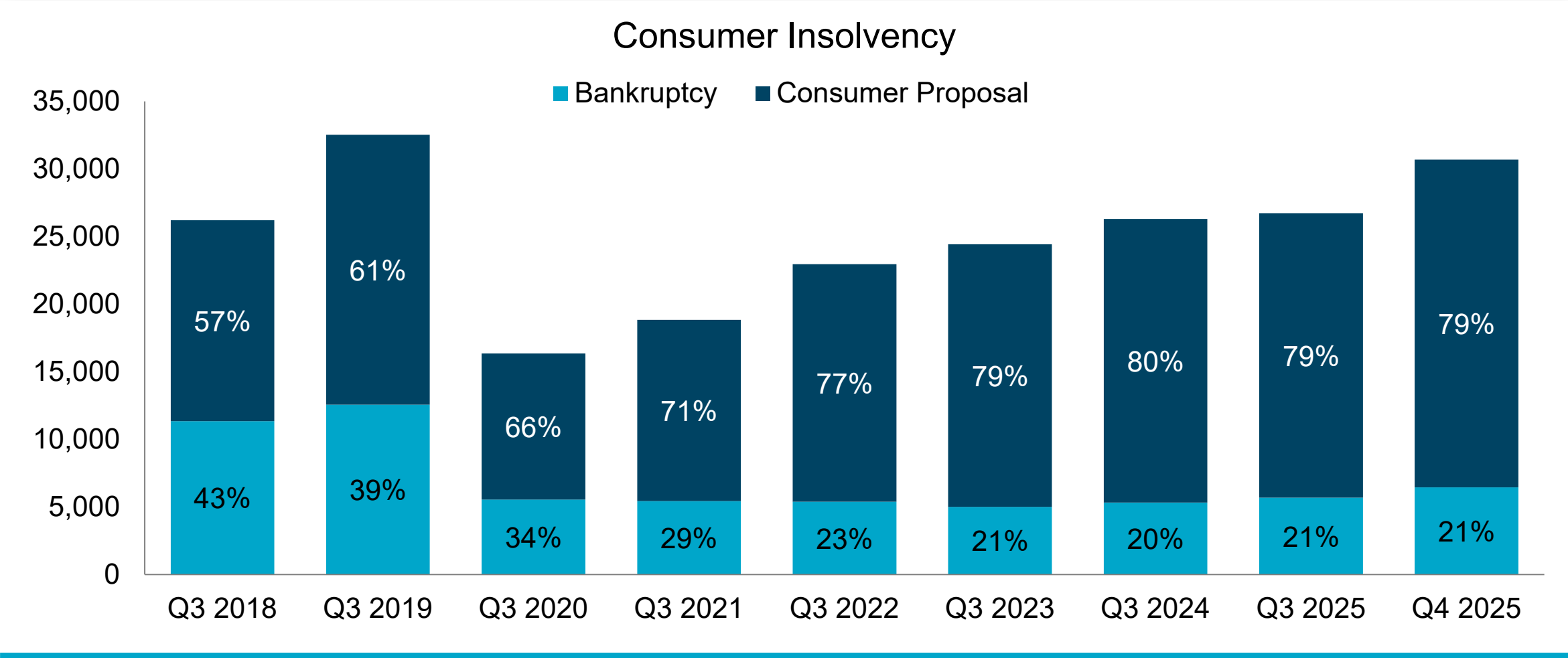
Localized stress emerging in auto-manufacturing hubs and select metros while other tariff-exposed regions remain resilient



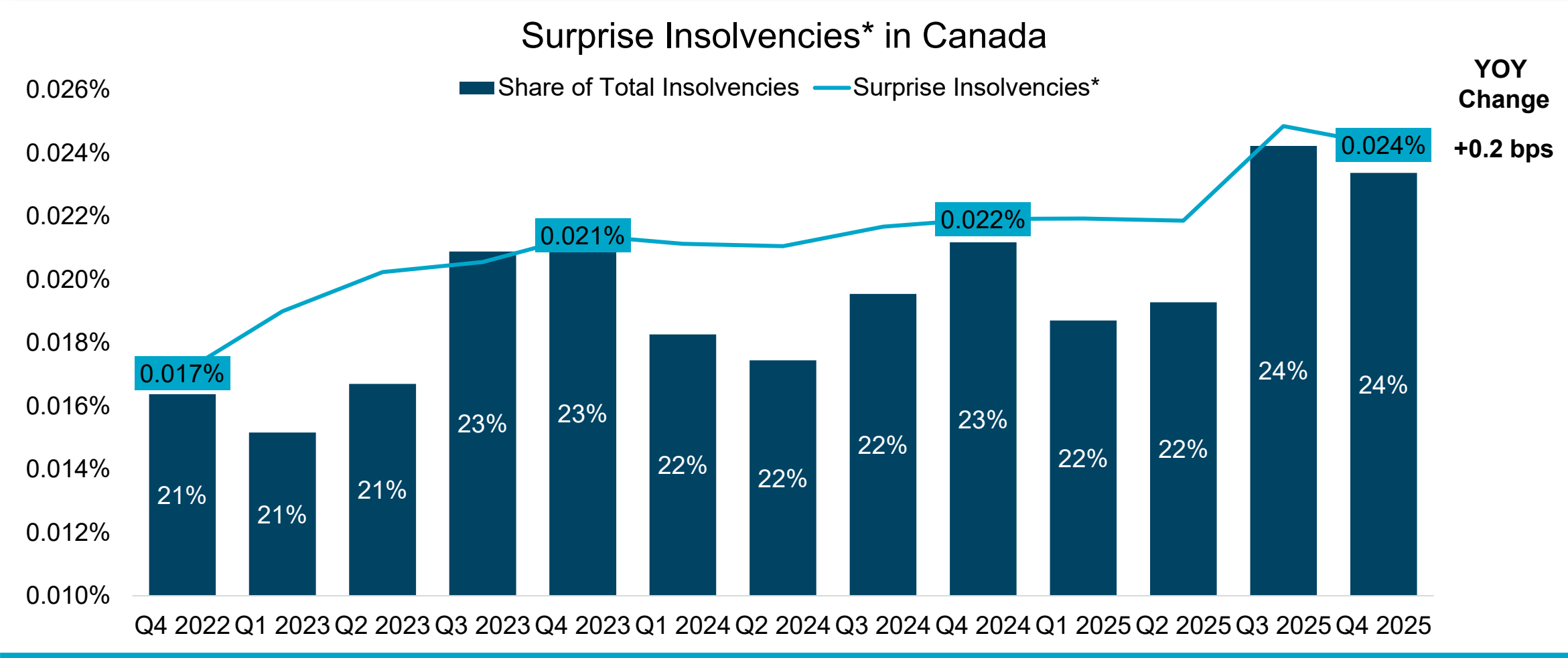
Oil shocks transmit unevenly—across markets the opportunity shifts from driving originations to enabling smarter decisions across the credit lifecycle



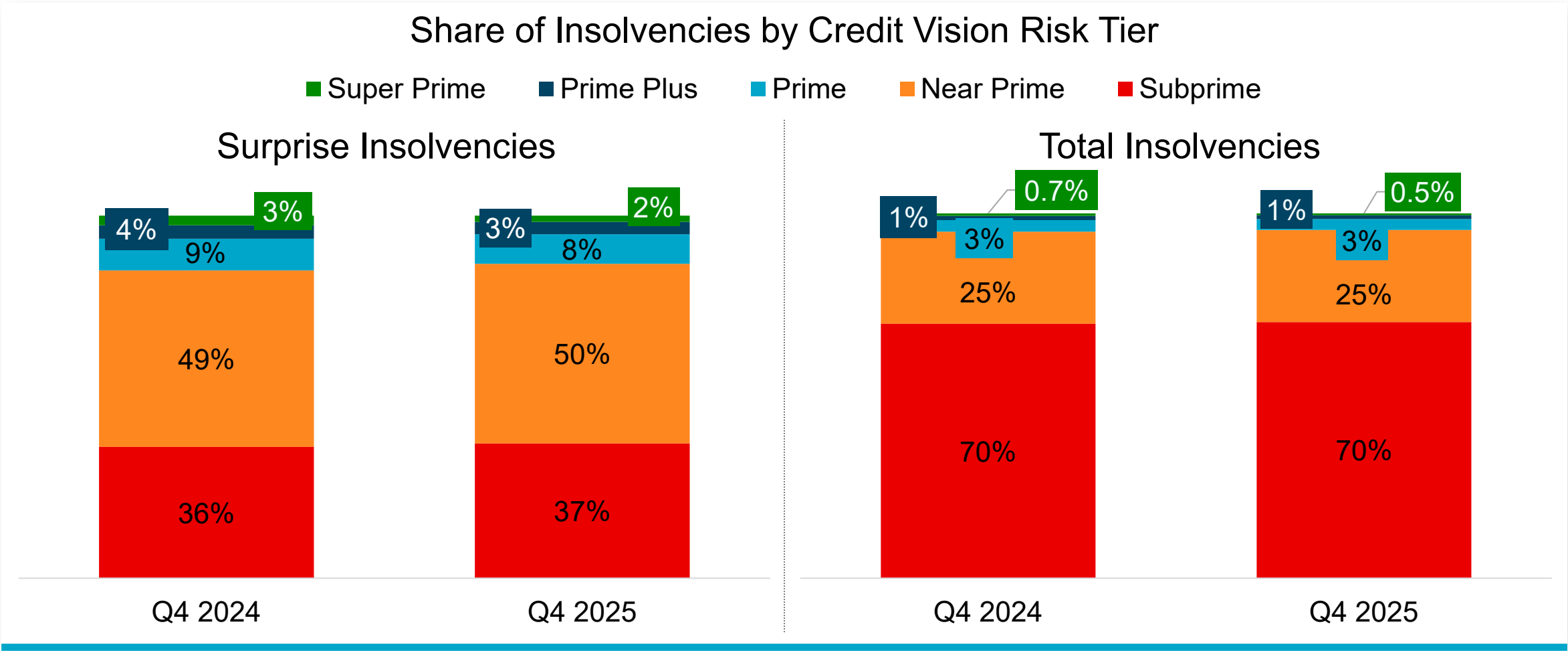
Insolvency rate has increased, yet the distribution of bankruptcies and proposals has remained consistent



Rising surprise insolvencies highlight growing financial strain, though the change vs last year remains modest



Prime and above consumers make up 12% of surprise insolvencies but less than 5% of total insolvencies



Five Imperatives to Balance Growth and Risk in a Fragmented Credit Cycle

- 1 Watch your risk mix – K Shaped growth can shrink margins at super prime and increase risk at subprime.
- 2 Balance responsible growth with proactive early warning signals of risk.
- 3 Help them out: pockets of risk & affordability debt stress remain. Enhance proactive hardship programs, flexible repayment.
- 4 Fraud remains pervasive and is hiding in your losses. Enhance early detection with friction-right strategies.
- 5 Pockets of growth remain – New and emerging borrower segments such as NTC, Gen Z, and gig workers are driving incremental demand.

**5 things we
suggest
lenders get
right through
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Thank You! Questions?